Revision

1. be sent to report the war =cover
2. 公布官方数据 release/ publish official figures
3. 旨在帮助人类的机器人\*3

a robot intended/ meant/ designed to help humans

a robot targeted/ aimed at helping man

1. 我们需要权衡这个政策的利弊再做最后的结论。(weigh/ before)

the policy’s advantages ?? make a conclusion ???

We should weigh the pros against its cons of the policy before we draw a final conclusion.

1. Some songs which are inspired by loneliness/ inspired by loneliness (由孤独引发灵感的\*2) are popular with the public (受公众欢迎).
2. Some factors that affect the mental health of teenagers/ affecting teenagers’ mental health (影响青少年心理健康的\*2) have attracted great attention.
3. 为了延长寿命，努力培养有利的个性是明智的。（It’s advisable that ..）

It’s advisable that

It’s advisable that we (should) try to cultivate advantageous personality to extend longevity.

1. 结果她体重增加了，而不是减轻。（end up）

end up doing/ done; end up in + n. end up with + n.

She ended up gaining weight instead of losing weight.

1. 外出度假是我最喜欢的放松方式。(holiday)

Going on holiday is my favorite way of relaxation/ to relax.

1. 物质和精神方面都得到满足的人是幸福的。

People whose material and spiritual needs are satisfied are happy.

1. 市民可以免费享用这些运动设施。(access/ accessible)

free vs. freely

The citizens have free access to these sports facilities.

These sports facilities are accessible to the citizens for free.

1. This new battery is no more efficient than a solar battery. (跟太阳能电池一样低效efficient/ more)
2. 我跟你一样担忧即将到来的考试。(concern/ more)

I am no less concerned about the coming exam than you.

1. 这个地方的风景如此赏心悦目,我都流连忘返了。(So)

scenery scene view

forget to leave vs. forget leaving

So pleasing to the eye is the scenery here that we are reluctant to leave.

1. 这个箱子重得我都抬不起来。（too）/ 我佷高兴我帮到了你。(too)

The box is too heavy (for me) to lift.

I am only too glad to help you.